Area of a triangle

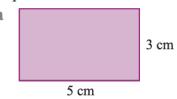
WALT - Understand triangle area rules by working on a practical investigation and use the triangle area rules to solve area problems in a composite area problem Success Criteria: I understand that a triangle can be $\frac{1}{2}$ of a rectangle. I can divide a shape into triangular parts to calculate the area

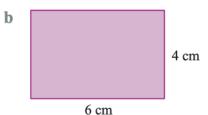
Try a practical investigation

Investigation 2 Area of a triangle

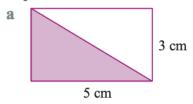
Follow the steps to develop a rule for finding the area of a triangle.

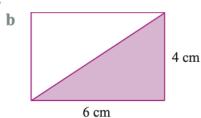
1 Step 1: Find the area of each rectangle.



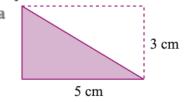


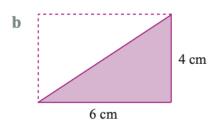
Step 2: Find the shaded area within each rectangle.





Step 3: Find the area of each shaded triangle.



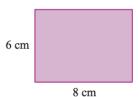


2 Step 1: Find the area of each rectangle.

a

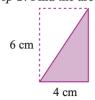


b

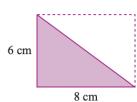


Step 2: Find the area of each shaded triangle.

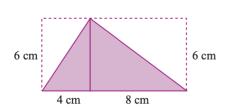
a



b

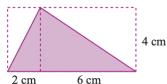


3 The rectangles in question 2 can be put together as shown. What is the area of the shaded triangle formed?

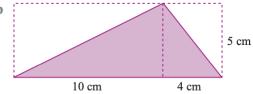


4 Find the area of each shaded triangle.

a

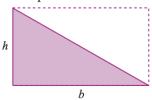


b

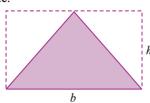


5 Find an expression for the area of each shaded triangle.

2



b



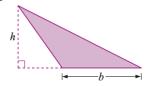
6 Copy and complete the following:

The area of a triangle with base b and perpendicular height h is $A = \frac{\square}{2}$.

In Investigation 2 you developed a rule for finding the area of a triangle. The area of a triangle is half the area of the rectangle enclosing it.



h

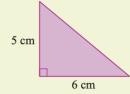


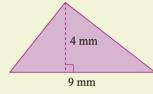
- Area of triangle = $\frac{1}{2}$ (base × height)
 - $A = \frac{1}{2}bh$ or $A = \frac{bh}{2}$

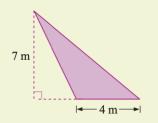
With obtuse-angled triangles, the perpendicular height is shown outside the triangle.



Find the areas of the following triangles.







a
$$A = \frac{1}{2}bh$$

= $\frac{1}{2} \times 6 \times 5$
= 15 cm²

$$= \frac{1}{2} \times 6 \times 1$$
$$= 15 \text{ cm}^2$$

b
$$A = \frac{1}{2}bh$$

$$A = \frac{1}{2}bh$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \times 9 \times 4$$

$$= 18 \text{ mm}^2$$

$$c = \frac{1}{2}bh$$

$$\mathbf{c} = \frac{1}{2}bh$$

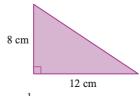
$$= \frac{1}{2} \times 4 \times 7$$

$$= 14 \text{ m}^2$$

View the video

1 Complete to find the areas of the following triangles.

a



8 cm
$$12 \text{ cm}$$

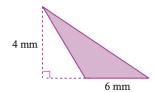
$$A = \frac{1}{2}bh$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
6 \text{ m} \\
5 \text{ m} \\
A = \frac{1}{2}bh
\end{array}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \times \underline{\hspace{1cm}} \times 8$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \times 5 \times \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

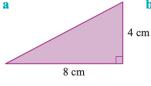
$$= \underline{\hspace{1cm}} m^2$$

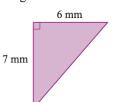


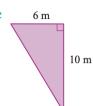
$$A = \frac{1}{2}bh$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \times \underline{\qquad} \times \underline{\qquad}$$
$$= \underline{\qquad} mm^2$$

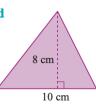
2 Find the areas of the following triangles.

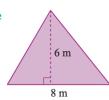


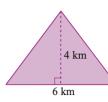


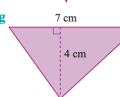


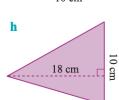
d

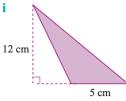


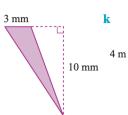


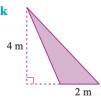


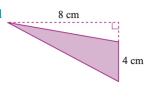




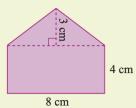




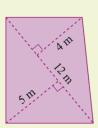




Find the areas of the following shapes.

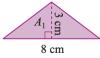


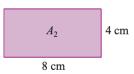
b



a This shape is made up of a rectangle and a triangle.

$$A = A_1 + A_2$$
= $\frac{1}{2}(8 \times 3) + (8 \times 4)$
= $12 + 32$
= 44 cm^2





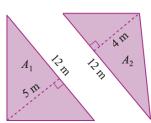
b This shape is made up of two triangles.

$$A = A_1 + A_2$$

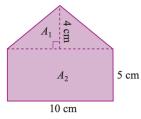
$$= \frac{1}{2}(12 \times 5) + \frac{1}{2}(12 \times 4)$$

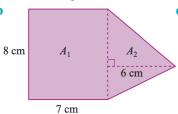
$$= 30 + 24$$

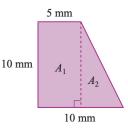
$$= 54 \text{ m}^2$$



3 Complete the following to find the area of these shapes.







$$A = A_1 + A_2$$

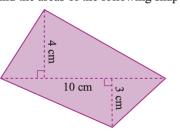
= $\frac{1}{2}(__ \times 4) + (10 \times __)$
= $__ + __$
= $__ \text{ cm}^2$

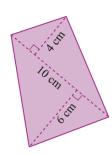
$$A = A_1 + A_2$$

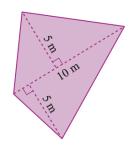
= $(8 \times \underline{\hspace{1cm}}) + \frac{1}{2}(8 \times \underline{\hspace{1cm}})$
= $\underline{\hspace{1cm}} + \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$
= $\underline{\hspace{1cm}} \text{cm}^2$

$$\begin{array}{lll} A = A_1 + A_2 & A = A_1 + A_2 & A = A_1 + A_2 \\ &= \frac{1}{2}(__ \times 4) + (10 \times __) & = (8 \times __) + \frac{1}{2}(8 \times __) & = (10 \times __) + \frac{1}{2}(__ \times __) \\ &= __ + __ & = __ + __ \\ &= __ cm^2 & = __ mm^2 \end{array}$$

4 Find the areas of the following shapes.







Check your answers

1 a
$$A = \frac{1}{2} \times 12 \times 8 = 48 \text{ cm}^2$$

b
$$A = \frac{1}{2} \times 5 \times 6 = 15 \text{ m}^2$$

$$A = \frac{1}{2} \times 6 \times 4 = 12 \text{ mm}^2$$

2 a
$$16 \text{ cm}^2$$
 b 21 mm^2 **c** 30 m^2 **d** 40 cm^2

3 a
$$A = \frac{1}{2}(10 \times 4) + (10 \times 5) = 20 + 50 = 70 \text{ cm}^2$$

b
$$A = (8 \times 7) + \frac{1}{2}(8 \times 6) = 56 + 24 = 80 \text{ cm}^2$$

c
$$A = (10 \times 5) + \frac{1}{2}(10 \times 5) = 50 + 25 = 75 \text{ mm}^2$$

4 a
$$35 \text{ cm}^2$$
 b 50 cm^2 **c** 50 m^2